

Umpiring Tips Net Set Go Umpires 2022



NSNA Umpires are required to have a current pass of the Rules of Netball theory exam.

NSG Umpires Can/Should:

- ✓ Have **FUN** try and make the game as **enjoyable and educational** as possible for the players and umpires
- ✓ Be an adult or a minimum of 15 years (in the year they are umpiring NSG)
- ✓ Wear the **fluoro vest** and suitable sports shoes and attire and use the **'swhistle'** hand held whistle.
- ✓ Check for NO jewellery including no Fitbits and no taping of earrings; hair must be appropriately tied back
- ✓ Check the ball and help the captains 'toss' for first centre pass and goal end scissor, paper, rock is OK
- ✓ Move parents, coaches, kids etc off the end/goal lines and at least 1 metre away from the sidelines

During the game NSG Umpires Can/Should:

- ✓ Keep track of alternating centre passes and note teams only change ends at half time (Except in Div A.)
- ✓ Be the on-court Coach, facilitating the game and encouraging players in a fair and equal manner
- ✓ Try to have a **consistent interpretation** of the NSG rules (this interpretation may change slightly based on the skill level/age of the players)
- ✓ Use common sense (even poetic license) particularly in a one sided game. If a player (on the losing team) makes a mistake don't necessarily take the ball off them, show/tell them what they need to do and let them try it again. This is especially important for younger players who are clearly new to netball
- ✓ Umpires should be generous, use their discretion and give equal benefit of the doubt for footwork, replay, fumbled catches, dragging of the landed foot, tiny offsides etc
- ✓ Let the game flow with more encouragement than whistle, especially if there are no major mistakes
- ✓ Talk to and guide players throughout the game with an instructional approach given equally to both teams
- Use a loud voice giving short, simple tips, eg, 'feet still', 'you can shoot', 'hands up', 'big pass', 'move back', 'find some space', 'stay behind the line', 'stay in your area' etc
- ✓ Help the players by **showing them** what they should be doing, where they should be standing and who should take the throw ins, free passes etc
- ✓ Keep up with the ball and position themselves away from the spectators
- ✓ Blow the whistle loudly for all centre passes, goals, throws in, infringements etc
- ✓ Make a **prompt decision** for 50/50 balls (dual possession) and alternate that decision on other occasions
- ✓ Ensure **throw ins** are taken from outside the court (toes up to and behind the line) with feet still and by the correct player, eg, the GK always takes a defensive goal third throw in, WD/GD take Centre Third throw ins
- ✓ Grab the match ball after a goal is scored and encourage all players to move back to starting positions quickly
- ✓ Use only team names and the position names, eg, Goal Attack, Centre etc, not children's names, particularly if it is your daughter try to remain neutral
- ✓ Acknowledge their **duty of care** for their players' safety and stop the game to deal with an injury or other issue
- ✓ Follow these steps for all infringements: blow whistle, stop play, briefly explain the rule, demonstrate the correct technique/position/distance and let play continue
- ✓ Ensure all players **shake hands*** at the end of the game (* current exclusions in place)
- ✓ Sign the score sheet at the end of the game; return vest and 'swhistle' to the centre circle.

NSG Umpires Can't/Shouldn't:

- Overthink it
- Penalise (take a ball off away from) a player who had made really good effort to follow the rules
- ☑ Use their own players' names or encourage/instruct/praise their own team over their opposition
- Take toss ups (in the case of dual possession or a 50/50 ball; instead make a prompt decision and alternate that decision on other similar occasions)
- ☑ Use lengthy description or explanations and in so doing hold up the game
- Count down '5, 4, 3, 2, 1' while a player is trying to pass the ball. (Instead, if there is a player really struggling to throw the ball use words like 'big pass to your C', 'help your player', 'make space', 'throw into space' etc.)
- Put any player 'out of play' (Except in Div A.)
- Engage with an angry parent or spectator or let sideline 'commentary' distract them.

NSG Players CAN/SHOULD

- ✓ Have FUN win, lose or draw
- ✓ Listen to the umpire
- ✓ Pass the ball within 5 seconds (Except in Div A.)
- Lean on the ball to gain balance
- ✓ Bounce the ball once and then catch it
- ✓ Pick up the ball from an offside location
- ✓ Chase a ball push it down to the ground to stop it then pick it up
- \checkmark Catch the ball, fall over and stand up again without stepping too much
- Roll the ball towards herself (but cannot roll the ball to another player)
- ✓ Attempt to shoot a goal from anywhere within the goal circle
- ✓ Defend another player, one on one with arms up, only if they are is 1.2 metres/4 feet from the thrower's landing foot. This equates to 4 big steps (or 4 rulers back) from the opposition, measured shoe to shoe
- ✓ Throw the **Centre Pass** only if they are standing **inside the centre circle**
- ✓ At a Centre Pass wait behind the line until the whistle is blown, then run forward into the centre third
- ✓ Catch or touch a Centre Pass only if standing in the centre/middle third
- ✓ Take a throw in with toes behind the line and stay behind the line with feet still until they release the ball
- ✓ Only change ends at half time (Except in Div A.)
- ✓ Play all seven positions throughout the season; play a minimum of 2 positions per game
- ✓ Shake hands at the end of the game* and show excellent sportsmanship. (* current exclusions in place).

NSG Players CAN'T/SHOULDN'T

- E Wear jewellery of any kind, including earrings, anklets, string friendship bracelets, 'fitbits' etc
- **Run** or walk with the ball
- **Roll** the ball to another player
- Dive on the ball to gain possession (the ball should be given to the opposition player and it explained to the players that it is dangerous and not rugby!)
- \blacksquare Get possession of the ball while on the ${\it ground}$
- Kick the ball
- Snatch the ball out of a player's hands, if she is already holding it
- Enter the court or step at a **throw in** until the ball is passed to another player
- In Throw the ball at/against another player
- Use elbows, knees, shoulders or any other part of the body, deliberately or accidently, to make **contact** in a way that **interferes** with play
- Put their arm/s across their opposition player's body, or entangle their feet between a player's feet/legs, especially around the goal circle or on the transverse line
- E Run into or 'through' another player, accidentally or deliberately
- Stand closer than 4 feet/1.2m (shoe to shoe) with arms up
- Hold onto their partner's body or clothing
- ☑ Use any tactics or movements that are considered contact and/or obstruction so as to interfere with their opposition, with or without the ball. (The umpire can say 'no bumping C', 'keep your elbows in GD', 'it's not rugby', 'move back GD', 'too close WA' etc, or blow the whistle and talk to the players if any actions are becoming rough or there is potential for injury.)
- **Wave their hands** in another player's face or near her eyes
- Catch a ball from the Centre Pass in the goal third
- At a shot for goal, re-catch/replay the ball until it has touched the ring, net, post, padding or another player, i.e., an 'air ball'. If she does re-catch/replay the ball it is given to the opposition for a free pass. HOWEVER umpires should use common sense on some of the minor rules, particularly in a one sided game; a player/team may be given 'another try' if they have had very few attempts at goal or have had very little possession of the ball during the game.

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